Bloodborne Pathogens Quiz JSCC Faculty & Staff

1. Where is the JSCC Exposure Control Plan located?
   a) In the JSCC Night Office in the Classroom Building
   b) In the Health Services Office in the Student Union Building Room 15
   c) On the JSCC Health Services Web page under Student Services
   d) All of the above

2. When you see an orange-red liner or red container marked with the biohazard symbol, which of the following statements is true?
   a) This container should be emptied using the same techniques as is used for regular trash.
   b) This container should only be emptied or handled by designated, specially trained staff and may contain contaminated laundry, sharps or other material.
   c) After I complete this session of Bloodborne Pathogens Training, I will be considered one of the specially trained, designated employees to handle infectious waste.
   d) None of these statements are true.

3. If I am stuck with a needle or broken glass while emptying the wastebasket or performing a procedure I should:
   a) Wash the injured area immediately with soap and water.
   b) Notify my supervisor immediately and complete the required paperwork.
   c) Seek medical care within 2 hours of the incident at the nearest emergency department.
   d) All of the above.

4. New employees should complete Bloodborne Pathogens Training:
   a) Within 10 days of employment and then annually if identified in the Exposure Control Plan.
   b) Within 30 days of employment and then every other year if identified in the Exposure Control Plan.
   c) Within 60 days of employment and then every other year if identified in the Exposure Control Plan.
   d) Within one year of beginning employment if identified in the Exposure Control Plan.

5. Bloodborne Pathogens include:
   a) Hepatitis B, C & D
   b) HIV
   c) Syphilis and malaria
   d) All of the above

6. The main reason for this training is:
   a) To protect workers from life-threatening infections which they may encounter in the workplace while completing their normal job duties.
   b) To protect the employer from costly lawsuits and fines.
   c) To promote various vaccination programs.
   d) To decrease the amount of infectious waste generated by employers.

7. T F  Hepatitis B is easily cured.
8. T F  Once blood gets on your hands, it's too late to take any preventive measures.
9. T F  Good housekeeping is the sole responsibility of housekeeping or environmental services staff.
10. T F  The type of protective equipment needed for a task depends on the degree of exposure you anticipate.
11. T F  You don't have to wear any gloves if you are allergic to latex or nylon.
12. T F  Hepatitis B vaccination is offered at no cost to the employee if that employee's job description is identified in the Exposure Control Plan.
13. T F  A bloodborne pathogens clean up kit should be used to clean up body fluids that may contain blood or other potentially infectious material.
14. T F  I should treat all human blood and certain human body fluids as if they were know to be infected with HIV.